Mr Suarez Gonzalez introduced B 3-2016/90.

Mr Sapena Granell introduced B 3-2020/90.

Mr Gutierrez Diaz introduced B 3-2041 and 2036/90.

Mr Staes introduced B 3-2049/90.

Mr Matutes, *Member of the Commission*, spoke.

Mr Newton Dunn introduced B 3-2033/90.

Mr Mendes Bota introduced B 3-2061/90.

Mr Bertens introduced B 3-2011/90.

Mr Verhagen introduced B 3-2014/90.

As it was not voting time, the President proposed closing the debate at this point so as to put motions under this item and the following item to the vote.

Parliament agreed to the proposal.

Mr Imbeni made a personal statement.

On behalf of Parliament, the President welcomed the Foreign Ministers of the three Baltic States, Lithuania, Estonia and Latvia, who had taken their seats in the official gallery.

VOTE

8. Kuwait (vote)

— *Motions for resolutions B 3-2009, 2017, 2027, 2043, 2062 and 2083/90:*

Joint motion for a resolution tabled by Mr Woltjer and Mrs Dury, on behalf of the SOC Group, Mr Robles Piquer, on behalf of the EPP Group, Mrs Veil and Mr Bertens, on behalf of the LDR Group, Mr Newton Dunn, on behalf of the ED Group, Mr Vecchi, on behalf of the EUL Group, Mr de la Malène, on behalf of the EDA Group, Mr Ephremidis, Mr Piquet, Mr Miranda da Silva and Mr De Rossa, on behalf of the LU Group, speaking to replace these motions for resolutions by a new text.

Parliament adopted the resolution *(part II, item 1)*.

(Motions for resolutions B 3-2032 and 2051/90 fell.)

— *Motion for a resolution B 3-2060/90:*

Parliament rejected the motion for a resolution.

9. Operation Gladio (vote)

— *Motions for resolutions B 3-2021, 2058, 2068, 2078 and 2087/90:*

Joint motion for a resolution tabled by Mrs Dury, Mr Galle and Mr Cheysson, on behalf of the SOC Group, Mr Langer, on behalf of the Green Group, Mr Vecchi, on behalf of the EUL Group, Mr Ephremidis and Mr Piquet, on behalf of the LU Group, Mr Vandemeulebroucke, on behalf of the RB Group, seeking to replace these motions for resolution by a new text.

Parliament adopted the resolution by electronic vote *(part II, item 2)*.

10. Computer industry (vote)

— *Motion for a resolution B 3-1994/90:*

Parliament rejected the motion for a resolution by electronic vote.

— *Motions for resolutions B 3-2019, 2036, 2059 and 2086/90:*

Joint motion for a resolution tabled by Mr van Velzen, Mr van Outrive and Mrs Salisch, on behalf of the SOC Group, Mrs van Dijk and mrs Cramon Daiber, on behalf of the Green Group, Mr Raggio and Mrs Catasta, on behalf of the EUL Group, Mr Barros Moura and Mr Herzog, on behalf of the LU Group, Mr Vandemeulebroucke, on behalf of the RB Group, seeking to replace these motions for resolution by a new text.

Parliament adopted the resolution by RCV (SOC):

Members voting: 133
For: 78
Against: 54
Abstentions: 1

(part II, item 3).

(Motions for resolutions B 3-2075 and 2081/90 fell).

11. Human rights (vote)

El Salvador

Mr Suarez Gonzalez requested that if the joint motion was adopted, motion B 3-2016/90 by the EPP Group

7. Reaffirms its support for the most comprehensive and stringent embargo as a means of bringing pressure to bear on Iraq with a view to restoring the rule of law in Kuwait and avoiding war;

8. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Commission, the Council, European Political Cooperation, the governments of Iraq and Kuwait and the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

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2. Gladio

— Joint resolution replacing B3-2021, 2058, 2068, 2078 and 2087/90

RESOLUTION

on the Gladio affair

The European Parliament,

A. having regard to the revelation by several European governments of the existence for 40 years of a clandestine intelligence and armed operations organization in several Member States of the Community,

B. whereas for over 40 years this organization has eluded all democratic controls and has been run by the secret services of the states concerned in collaboration with NATO,

C. fearing the danger that such clandestine networks may have interfered illegally in the internal political affairs of Member States or may still do so,

D. whereas in certain Member States military secret services (or uncontrolled branches thereof) were involved in serious cases of terrorism and crime as evidenced by various judicial inquiries,

E. whereas these organizations operated and continue to operate completely outside the law since they are not subject to any parliamentary control and frequently those holding the highest government and constitutional posts have claimed to be in the dark as to these matters,

F. whereas the various 'GLADIO' organizations have at their disposal independent arsenals and military resources which give them an unknown strike potential, thereby jeopardizing the democratic structures of the countries in which they are operating or have been operating,

G. greatly concerned at the existence of decision-making and operational bodies which are not subject to any form of democratic control and are of a completely clandestine nature at a time when greater Community cooperation in the field of security is a constant subject of discussion,

1. Condemns the clandestine creation of manipulative and operational networks and calls for a full investigation into the nature, structure, aims and all other aspects of these clandestine organizations, any misuse thereof, their use for illegal interference in the internal political affairs of the countries concerned, the problem of terrorism in Europe and the possible collusion of the secret services of Member States or third countries;

2. Protests vigorously at the assumption by certain US military personnel at SHAPE and in NATO of the right to encourage the establishment in Europe of a clandestine intelligence and operation network;

3. Calls on the governments of the Member States to dismantle all clandestine military and paramilitary networks;

4. Calls on the judiciaries of the countries in which the presence of such military organizations has been ascertained to elucidate fully their actual extent and modus operandi and to clarify any action they may have taken to destabilize the democratic structures of the Member States;

5. Requests all the Member States to take the necessary measures, if necessary by establishing parliamentary committees of inquiry, to draw up a complete list of organizations active in this field, and at the same time to investigate their links with the respective state intelligence services and their links, if any, with terrorist action groups and/or other illegal practices;

6. Calls on the Council of Ministers to provide full information on the activities of these secret intelligence and operational services;

7. Instructs its Political Affairs Committee to consider holding a hearing in order to clarify the role and impact of the 'GLADIO' organization and any similar bodies;

8. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Commission, the Council, the Secretary-General of NATO, the governments of the Member States and the United States Government.

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3. Computer industry

— Joint resolution replacing B3-2019, 2036, 2059 and 2086/90

RESOLUTION

on mass redundancies in the European computer industry, in particular at Philips, Olivetti and Bull

The European Parliament,

A. whereas on 25 October 1990, the Board of Directors of the Philips Group announced a plan involving 50 000 job losses, in addition to the 10 000 already announced on 2 July, together with the closure of production units,

B. whereas these job losses are symptomatic of a crisis affecting the entire electronics and data processing sector in Europe: the announcement by Bull data processing systems on 7 November 1990 of 5 000 job losses and by Olivetti on 13 November of 7 000 job losses, together with the buy-out of the British ICL by the Japanese Fujitsu,

C. whereas other important sectors are also threatened with drastic job losses,

D. whereas the Philips Group is participating in the European programme of research into high-definition television and the European JESSI programme of research into the development of a new generation of memory banks and is receiving public funds from the Member States and the European Community for this purpose,

E. whereas the procedure that the Philips management proposes to follow involves no more than the provision of information at national rather than at international or European level,

F. whereas the European market is awash with products from countries where there is complete disregard for the principles enshrined in the Community Charter of Fundamental Social Rights for Workers and this is also undermining the European industrial-relations model,

G. whereas social dialogue is an essential feature of this model and, under the EEC Treaty, the Commission is mandated to develop the dialogue between management and labour at European level (Article 118b),